7 F.S. EXAM-(M) 2018

FSI-P-BT

I.F.S. EXAM-(M) 2018

BOTANY Paper – I

Maximum Marks : 200

Time Allowed : Three Hours

Question Paper Specific Instructions

Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions :

There are **EIGHT** questions in all, out of which **FIVE** are to be attempted.

Questions no. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining SIX questions, THREE are to be attempted selecting at least ONE question from each of the two Sections A and B.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in sequential order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

All questions carry equal marks. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in **ENGLISH** only.

Neat sketches may be drawn, wherever required.

SECTION A

Q1.	Answ point	ver the following keeping your answers brief and to the $8 \times 5 = 40$
	(a)	Distinguish between Bacteria and Archaea.
	(b)	Comment on why Albugo candida and Phytophthora infestans are not considered as fungi.
	(c)	Distinguish between Chlorophyta and Rhodophyta.
	(d)	What is Peristome ? Describe its formation and role. $2+6=8$
	(e)	What are coralloid roots ? Where are these found and what important role do they play ? $4+1+3=8$

Q2. (a) Compare loose smut with covered smut of wheat plants on the basis of symptoms, casual organism, disease cycle and disease management.

5+5+5=15

- (b) Describe the evolutionary significance of various stellar structures found in Pteridophytes. Give one suitable example in each case. 10+5=15
- (c) Describe the diversity of photosynthetic pigments found in the major classes of Algae.
 10
- Q3. (a) What are the recent developments in the use of microbes in industrial products ? Why do microbes serve as most ideal organisms in industrial applications ? 8+7=15
 - (b) Explain the progressive sterilization of potentially sporogenous tissue found in Bryophyta. Add a note on the role of elaters. 5+5=10
 - (c) Describe the structure and chemical composition of TMV. How does it infect the host ? 10+5=15

Q4. (a) Describe the organization of female cone in *Pinus*. Discuss on the morphological nature of ovuliferous scale. 10+5=15

- (b) Comment on how far *Selaginella* advances towards seed habit. 10
- (c) What is Systemic Acquired Resistance (SAR) ? Discuss the role of salicylic acid in SAR. 7+8=15

FSI-P-BTN

2

SECTION B

Q5.	Answ point	the following keeping your answers brief and to the $8 \times 5 = 40$
	(a)	How do you justify <i>Asteraceae</i> as a phylogenetically advanced family in dicotyledons ?
	(b)	Explain 'Nemec phenomenon' and its significance.
	(c)	What are cortical vascular bundles ? How are they formed ? $3+5=8$
	(d)	Discuss the role of Botanical Gardens in conservation of plants. 8
	(e)	What is haploid cell culture ? How is this technique useful in agriculture ?
Q6.	(a)	Give an account of Cronquist's classification of flowering plants. Add a note on merits and demerits of this system of classification. $10+5=15$
	(b)	What is totipotency ? Give an experimental evidence to demonstrate it. $5+10=15$
	(c)	What is Helobial type of endosperm ? Describe the process of its development. $4+6=10$
Q7.	(a)	What is polyembryony ? How is it induced ? Discuss its applications. $5+5+5=15$
	(b)	Write the botanical name of the plants, their family, economically important plant parts and uses for the following :
		(i) Cinnamon
		(ii) Clove
		(iii) Saffron
		(iv) Nutmeg
		(v) Lesser Cardamom 15
	(c)	Compare the floral characters of <i>Malvaceae</i> and <i>Solanaceae</i> . Give the floral diagrams of the two families. $5+5=10$

FSI-P-BTN

3

- **Q8.** (a) Name the four types of tea recognized in the trade. What are their properties and methods of processing ? 2+6+7=15
 - (b) Describe the organization of essential organs of Asclepiadaceae family. Discuss the pollination mechanism in it. 6+9=15
 - (c) Give an account on hydrocarbon plants and their potential as a source of sustainable energy. 10